

Rexx the Data Converter

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Overview

- Two projects processing text data
 - weather analysis (for flying)
 - documents marked up with GML
- ... nice examples of Rexx usage?

Why analyse the weather?

- Microlight aircraft can be very light and susceptible to wind (especially gusty winds)
- Also cannot fly in the dark, or in poor visibility, rain, storms, *etc.*
- So how many days a year can they fly?

3-axis Microlight

- Maximum 30–35 mph winds (20 mph crosswind)



Weight-shift (flexwing) Microlight

- Maximum 20 mph winds (10-15 mph crosswind)



Powered parachute Microlight

- Maximum 10 mph winds (takeoff and land only into wind)



So what data are needed?

- In the UK, the Met Office has been recording observations at 300 stations since 1854; data free for academic research
- Hourly data needed, for:
 - Storms, snow, winds, gust data
 - Rainfall
- Only 107 stations matching (47 with gusts)

Data formats

- Weather file: all 300 stations in one file, one file (~1GB) per year (1998–2007 = 9 GB)
 - all comma-separated-values (.csv)
 - rainfall files similar but smaller (2 GB total)
- Geographic information for each station
- Sunrise/sunset times generated on the fly
 - 19 hours maximum in Shetland, 16 in Cornwall

Processing steps

1. Extract data for a given station (1 hour)
2. Clean the data (remove duplicates, *etc.*)
– at this point exactly one line per hour
3. Merge and filter the data, along with sunrise and sunset times, to create a ‘simplified hourly’ file (purely met. data)

Processing steps [2]

4. Process simplified hourly file against flying criteria (next slide) to create a fixed-format 'flying bits' file (4MB/station), *e.g.*:

23 2004-01-01 00:00 001110111 000111 0100000000

5. Analyse the flying bits file in various ways to generate web pages (merging in station geographic data, *etc.*, as needed)

Flying criteria

- No 'bad weather' (rain, snow, storms, *etc.*)
- Sufficient visibility for visual flight rules:
 - daylight
 - horizontal visibility at least 5 km (3 miles)
 - cloudbase at least 1000 feet (or $< 6/8$ cover)
- Winds below a certain maximum

Generating web pages

- Could generate HTML pages directly
- Decided to generate .wiki files that could be part of a MemoWiki project (and hence automatically converted to web pages and publishable)
- All of the above is text processing (in Rexx)

Demo

1. Running programs (except Extract)
2. Wiki pages in MemoWiki
3. Final web pages
... available at:

<http://speleotrove.com/weather/>

Problem 2 – GML

- 25+ years of documents marked up in GML (generalized markup language)
 - processed on mainframe (VM DCF SCRIPT)
 - no one else can process
- How to format on PC/laptop?
- How to make NetRexx documents available to RexxLA?

GML/SCRIPT sample

```
:h3 id=refblank.Blanks and White Space
.pi /Blank
.pi /White space
:p.
:i.Blanks:ei. (spaces) may be freely used in a program
to improve appearance and layout, and most are ignored.
Blanks, however, are usually significant
:ul.
:li.within literal strings (see below)
:li.between two tokens that are not special
characters (for example, between two symbols or keywords)
:li.between the two characters forming a comment delimiter
:li.immediately outside parentheses (:q.:hp4.(:ehp4.:eq.
and :q.:hp4.):ehp4.:eq.) or brackets
(:q.:hp4.&lbrk.:ehp4.:eq. and :q.:hp4.&rbrk.:ehp4.:eq.).
:eul.
```

Which might format as...

Blanks and White Space

Blanks (spaces) may be freely used in a program to improve appearance and layout, and most are ignored. Blanks, however, are usually significant

- within literal strings (see below)
- between two tokens that are not special characters (for example, between two symbols or keywords)
- between the two characters forming a comment delimiter
- immediately outside parentheses (“(” and “)”) or brackets (“[” and “]”).

What format to convert to?

- Something open source, with a reasonable formatter (with index, tables, *etc.*)
- (X)HTML alone not powerful enough, and not always easily convertible to other formats
- To save time: something I had already used

OpenOffice format

- A simple zip file, containing plain text files:

```
META-INF/manifest.xml  
mimetype  
meta.xml  
settings.xml  
styles.xml  
content.xml
```

- All fixed, except **content.xml**

OpenOffice Writer

- Application for opening and editing .odt files, with formatting, indexing, *etc.* (very similar to Microsoft Word)
- Sufficient formatting power (though could be better, especially indexing)
- Can export to PDF, XHTML, LaTeX, and MediaWiki (Wikipedia)

content.xml

1. Header stuff (fonts used, *etc.*)
2. Styles used only in this document (definition lists and tables layouts, *etc.*)
3. Body content
 - Front matter (Title page, copyrights, ToC)
 - Multiple sections (one per GML file)
 - Back matter (Index)

Rexx programs used

- Overall builder – calls .odt-specific programs for each part
- **gml2odt** – checks GML and generates XML
 - 783 loc for front and back matter generation
 - 1986 loc for general GML → XML converter
- **odtwrap** – checks and makes .zip file
 - 163 loc

Demo

1. nrl2.nrl files
2. Build
3. Resulting content.xml
4. The .odt and PDF files

Questions?

