"Leaping from Classic to Object"

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- History
- Getting Object Rexx
- New procedural features
- New object-oriented features
- Roundup



- Begin of the 90'ies
 - Request of the largest IBM user group "SHARE" to create an OO-version of Rexx
 - Developed since the beginning of the 90'ies
 - 1997 Introduced with OS/2 Warp 4
 - Support of SOM and WPS
 - 1998 Free Linux version, trial version for AIX
 - 1998 Windows 95 and Windows/NT



- 2004
 - Spring: RexxLA and IBM join in negotiations about opensourcing Object REXX
 - November: RexxLA gets sources from IBM
 - Opensource developers taking responsibility
 - David Ashley, USA, OS2 guru, Linux freak, ooRexx aficionado
 - Rick McGuire, USA, original lead developer
 - Mark Hessling, Australia, Regina maintainer, author of numerous great, opensource, openplatform Rexx function packages
 - Rony G. Flatscher, Austria (Europe!), author of BSF4Rexx, ooRexx tester of many years
- 2005
 - Spring (March/April): RexxLA makes ooRexx freely available as opensource and openplatform

Activating Object REXX on OS2/eCS

- Installed with the operating system, needs activation
- "switchrx"
 - replaces classic Rexx ("T-Rexx") with Object Rexx and vice versa
 - takes effect after reboot
- "wpsinst +"
 - adds the direct WPS-support
 - allows for directly referring WPS classes and direct manipulation of WPS objects
 - "wpuser.cmd" serves as a kind of "startup.cmd" after loading the direct WPS-support
- Updates
 - Fixpackages
 - http://www.ibm.com/software/ad/obj-rexx/

Getting "Open Object Rexx" ("ooRexx") ... for Free!

- http://www.RexxLA.org
 - Choose the link to "ooRexx"
- http://www.ooRexx.org
 - Homepage for ooRexx
 - Links to Sourceforge
 - Source
 - Precompiled versions for Linux, Solaris, Windows
 - Consolidated (great!) PDF-documentation!

New Procedural Features, 1

- Fully compatible with classic Rexx
 - New: execution of a Rexx program
 - Full syntax check of the Rexx program
 - Interpreter carries out all directives (leadin with "::")
 - Start of program
- "rexxc.exe": explicit tokenization of Rexx programs
- USE ARG in addition to PARSE ARG
 - among other things allows for retrieving stems by reference (!)

Example (ex_stem.rex) "USE ARG" with a Stem

```
/* demoing USE ARG */
info.1 = "Hi, I am a stem which could not get altered in a procedure!"
info.0 = 1
                       /* indicate one element in stem
                                                                               */
                                                                               */
call work info.
                      /* call procedure which adds another element (entry)
do i=1 to info.0
                                                                               */
                      /* loop over stem
                                                                               */
                      /* show content of stem.i
   say info.i
end
exit
work: procedure
```

```
use arg great. /* note the usage of "USE ARG" instead of "PARSE ARG" */
idx = great.0 + 1 /* get number of elements in stem, enlarge it by 1 */
great.idx = "Object Rexx allows to directly access and manipulate a stem!"
great.0 = idx /* indicate new number of elements in stem */
return
```

```
/* yields:
```

Hi, I am a stem which could not get altered in a procedure! Object Rexx allows to directly access and manipulate a stem! */

New Procedural Features, 2

- Routine-directive
 - same as a function/procedure
 - if public, then even callable from another (!)
 program
- Requires-directive
 - allows for loading programs ("modules") with public routines and public classes one needs
- User definable exceptions

OO-Features Simply Usable by Classic Rexx Programs

- "Environment"
 - a directory object
 - allows to store data with a key (a string)
 - sharing information (coupling of) among different Rexx programs
 - ".local"
 - available to all Rexx programs within the same session
 - ".environment"
 - on OS/2: available to all Rexx programs in all OS/2 sessions
 - on all other platforms: available to all Rexx programs within the same session

Example (dec2roman.rex)

Classic style

```
/* turn decimal number into Roman style */
Do forever
   call charout "STDOUT:", "Enter a number in the range 1-3999: "; PARSE PULL number
  If number = 0 then exit
  say " --->" number "=" dec2rom(number)
End
dec2rom: procedure
                                                                                    */
  PARSE ARG num, bLowerCase /* mandatory argument: decimal whole number
           = ""
  a.
       /* 1-9 */
                   /* 10-90 */ /* 100-900 */ /* 1000-3000 */
  a.1.1 = "i" ; a.2.1 = "x" ; a.3.1 = "c" ; a.4.1 = "m" ;
  a.1.2 = "ii" ; a.2.2 = "xx" ; a.3.2 = "cc" ; a.4.2 = "mm" ;
  a.1.3 = "iii"; a.2.3 = "xxx"; a.3.3 = "ccc"; a.4.3 = "mmm";
  a.1.4 = "iv" ; a.2.4 = "xl" ; a.3.4 = "cd"
  a.1.5 = "v" ; a.2.5 = "1" ; a.3.5 = "d"
  a.1.6 = "vi" ; a.2.6 = "lx" ; a.3.6 = "dc" ;
  a.1.7 = "vii" ; a.2.7 = "lxx" ; a.3.7 = "dcc" ;
  a.1.8 = "viii"; a.2.8 = "lxxx"; a.3.8 = "dccc";
  a.1.9 = "ix" ; a.2.9 = "xc" ; a.3.9 = "cm" ;
  IF num < 1 | num > 3999 | \DATATYPE(num, "W")THEN
 DO
    SAY num": not in the range of 1-3999, aborting ... "
    EXIT -1
 END
  num = reverse(strip(num)) /* strip & reverse number to make it easier to loop
                                                                                    */
 tmpString = ""
 DO i = 1 TO LENGTH(num)
    idx = SUBSTR(num, i, 1)
   tmpString = a.i.idx || tmpString
  END
  bLowerCase = (translate(left(strip(bLowerCase),1)) = "L") /* default to uppercase */
  IF bLowerCase THEN RETURN
                                   tmpString
                                                           /* x-late to uppercase
                                                                                   */
               ELSE RETURN TRANSLATE (tmpSTring)
```

Example (routine1_dec2roman.rex)

```
/* initialization */
 a.
           = ""
       /* 1-9 */ /* 10-90 */ /* 100-900 */ /* 1000-3000 */
 a.1.1 = "i"; a.2.1 = "x"; a.3.1 = "c"; a.4.1 = "m";
 a.1.2 = "ii" ; a.2.2 = "xx" ; a.3.2 = "cc" ; a.4.2 = "mm" ;
 a.1.3 = "iii"; a.2.3 = "xxx"; a.3.3 = "ccc"; a.4.3 = "mmm";
 a.1.4 = "iv" ; a.2.4 = "xl" ; a.3.4 = "cd"
 a.1.5 = "v" ; a.2.5 = "1" ; a.3.5 = "d"
 a.1.6 = "vi" ; a.2.6 = "lx" ; a.3.6 = "dc" ;
 a.1.7 = "vii"; a.2.7 = "lxx"; a.3.7 = "dcc";
 a.1.8 = "viii"; a.2.8 = "lxxx"; a.3.8 = "dccc";
 a.1.9 = "ix"; a.2.9 = "xc"; a.3.9 = "cm";
                                    /* save in .local-environment for future use
.local~dec.2.rom = a.
                                                                                  */
::routine dec2roman public
                                   /* mandatory argument: decimal whole number
 PARSE ARG num, bLowerCase
                                                                                  */
                                   /* retrieve stem from .local-environment
                                                                                  */
 a. = .local~dec.2.rom
 IF num < 1 | num > 3999 | \DATATYPE(num, "W")THEN
 DO
    SAY num": not in the range of 1-3999, aborting ... "
    EXIT -1
 END
 num = reverse(strip(num))  /* strip & reverse number to make it easier to loop
                                                                                  */
 tmpString = ""
 DO i = 1 TO LENGTH(num)
    idx = SUBSTR(num, i, 1)
    tmpString = a.i.idx || tmpString
 END
 bLowerCase = (translate(left(strip(bLowerCase), 1)) = "L")
                                                          /* default to uppercase */
 IF bLowerCase THEN RETURN
                                  tmpString
              ELSE RETURN TRANSLATE (tmpSTring)
                                                          /* x-late to uppercase */
```

Example (use_routine1_dec2roman.rex)

```
/* */
Do forever
    call charout "STDOUT:", "Enter a number in the range 1-3999: "; PARSE PULL number
    If number = 0 then exit
    say " --->" number "=" dec2roman(number)
End
```

::requires "routine1_dec2roman.rex" /* directive to load module with public routine */

V Example (routine2_dec2roman.rex)

```
/* Initialization code
                                                                              */
d1 = .array~of( "", "i", "ii", "iii", "iv", "v", "vi", "vii", "viii", "ix" )
d10 = .array~of( "", "x", "xx", "xxx", "xl", "l", "lx", "lxx", "lxxx", "xc" )
d100 = .array~of( "", "c", "cc", "ccc", "cd", "d", "dc", "dcc", "dccc", "cm" )
d1000 = .array~of( "", "m", "mm", "mmm"
.local~roman.arr = .array~of( d1, d10, d100, d1000 ) /* save in local environment
                                                                                      */
                                      /* public routine to translate number into Roman*/
::ROUTINE dec2roman PUBLIC
                                     /* mandatory argument: decimal whole number
 USE ARG num, bLowerCase
                                                                                      */
 IF num < 1 | num > 3999 | \DATATYPE(num, "W") THEN
                                                                                      */
    RAISE USER NOT A VALID NUMBER /* raise user exception
 num = num~strip~reverse /* strip & reverse number to make it easier to loop
                                                                                      */
 tmpString = ""
 DO i = 1 TO LENGTH(num)
    tmpString = .roman.arr[i] ~at(SUBSTR(num, i, 1)+1) || tmpString
 END
 bLowerCase = (bLowerCase~strip~left(1)~translate = "L")
                                                              /* default to uppercase */
 IF bLowerCase THEN RETURN
                                     tmpString
                                                              /* x-late to uppercase */
               ELSE RETURN TRANSLATE (tmpSTring)
```

Example (use_routine2_dec2roman.rex)

```
/* */
Do forever
    call charout "STDOUT:", "Enter a number in the range 1-3999: "; PARSE PULL number
    If number = 0 then exit
    say " --->" number "=" dec2roman(number)
End
```

::requires "routine2 dec2roman.rex" /* directive to load module with public routine */

New Object-oriented Features, 1

- Allows for implementing abstract data types
 - "Data Type" (DT)
 - a data type defines the set of valid values
 - a data type defines the set of valid operations for it
 - examples
 - numbers: adding, multiplying, etc
 - strings: translating case, concatenating, etc.
 - "Abstract Data Type" (ADT)
 - a generic schema defining a data type with
 - attributes
 - operations on attributes

New Object-oriented Features, 2

- Object-oriented features of Rexx
 - allow for implementing an ADT
 - a predefined classification tree
 - allow for (multiple) inheritance
 - explicit use of metaclasses
 - tight security manager (!)
 - allows for implementing any security police w.r.t. Rexx programs
 - untrusted programs from the net
 - roaming agents
 - company policy w.r.t. executing code in secured environment

Example (dog.rex) Defining Dogs ...

```
/* a program for dogs ... */
```

```
myDog = .dog~new /* create a dog from the class */
myDog~Name = "Sweety" /* tell the dog what it is called */
say "My name is:" myDog~Name /* now ask the dog for its name */
myDog~Bark /* come on show them who you are! */
::class Dog /* define the class "Dog" */
```

```
::method Name attribute /* let it have an attribute */
::method Bark /* let it be able to bark */
say "Woof! Woof! Woof!"
```

```
/* yields:
```

My **name is:** Sweety Woof! Woof! Woof!

```
*/
```

Example (bdog.cmd) Defining BIG Dogs ...

```
/* a program for BIG dogs ... */
myDog = .BigDog~new /* create a BIG dog from the class
                                                              */
myDog~Name = "Arnie" /* tell the dog what it is called
                                                              */
say "My name is: " myDog~Name /* now ask the dog for its name */
myDoq~Bark
                     /* come on show them who you are!
                                                              */
ciclass Dog
                      /* define the class "Dog"
                                                              */
::method Name attribute /* let it have an attribute
                                                              */
                                                              */
::method Bark
                       /* let it be able to bark
  say "Woof! Woof! Woof!"
  /* the following class reuses most of what is already
     defined for the class "Dog" via inheritance; it overrides
    the way a big dog barks
::class BigDog subclass Dog /* define the class "BigDog"
                      /* let it be able to bark
::method Bark
  say "WOOF! WOOF! WOOF!"
/* yields:
```

My name is: Arnie WOOF! WOOF! WOOF!

*/

New Object-oriented Features, 3

- Object Rexx' classification tree
 - fundamental classes
 - Object, Class, Method, Message
 - classic Rexx classes
 - String, Stem, Stream
 - collection classes
 - Array, List, Queue, Supplier
 - Directory, Relation and Bag, Table, Set
 - index is set explicitly by programs
 - miscellaneous classes
 - alarm, monitor

Example (fruit.rex) A Bag Full of Fruits ...

/* a bag, full of fruits ... */

```
Fruit Bag = .bag~of( "apple", "apple", "pear", "cherry", "apple", "banana",
                     "plum", "plum", "banana", "apple", "pear", "papaya",
                     "peanut", "peanut", "peanut", "peanut", "peanut", "apple",
                     "peanut", "pineapple", "banana", "plum", "pear", "pear",
                     "plum", "plum", "banana", "apple", "pear", "papaya",
                     "peanut", "peanut", "peanut", "apple", "peanut", "pineapple", ,
                     "banana", "peanut", "peanut", "peanut", "peanut", "peanut",
                     "apple", "peanut", "pineapple", "banana", "peanut", "papaya", ,
                     "mango", "peanut", "peanut", "apple", "peanut", "pineapple", ,
                     "banana", "pear" )
SAY "Total of fruits in bag:" Fruit Bag~items
SAY
Fruit Set = .set~new~union(Fruit Bag)
SAY "consisting of:"
DO fruit OVER Fruit Set
   SAY right(fruit, 21) || ":" RIGHT( Fruit Bag~allat(fruit)~items, 3 )
END
```

Example (fruit.rex) Output

Total of fruits in bag: 56

consisting of:

- plum: 5
- cherry: 1
- pear: 6
- mango: 1
- banana: 7
- peanut: 20
- pineapple: 4
 - papaya: 3
 - apple: 9

Open Object Rexx ("ooRexx") Roundup

- Adds features, long asked for, e.g.
 - Variables by reference (USE ARG)
 - Public routines available to other programs (concept of modules)
 - Very powerful and complete implementation of the OO-paradigm
- Availability
 - Free
 - Opensource
 - Openplatform
 - Precompiled versions for
 - Linux, Solaris, Windows 95/98/NT/2000/XP
- Questions?