Writing CGI Scripts in REXX

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Tuesday, 19th May, 2009  13:30-14:30

http://www.swifys.org.uk/symposium/P01-Introduction.html
About:

Steve Swift (aka "Swifty")

This Session

Mr Coopers's Law:

If you do not understand a particular word in a piece of technical writing, ignore it. The piece will make perfect sense without it.

http://www.swiftys.org.uk/wiz?263
CGI Scripts.

What are they?

HTML:

http://www.swiftys.org.uk/hello.html

Result:

Hello world!

CGI:

http://www.swiftys.org.uk/cgi-bin/hello.rex

```
#!/usr/bin/rexx
Say 'Content-type: text/html'
Say
Say '>Hello <U>world</U>!</H2>'
```

Result:

Hello world!
Simple Rexx tracing

test.rex

/* Simple test */
Trace ?r
C = 'L'
-- lots of stuff here
Say 'The time is' time(C)

Result:

+++ "WindowsNT SUBROUTINE c:\Test.rex"
3 *-* C = 'L'
   >>> "L"
+++ Interactive trace. "Trace Off" to end debug, ENTER to Continue. +++
5 *-* Say 'The time is' time(C)
   >>> "L"
   >>> "The time is 13:17:10.328000"
The time is 13:17:10.328000
Tracing CGI?

There is a problem:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CGI: STDOUT</th>
<th>Captured by webserver; sent to browser</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STDERR</td>
<td>Captured by webserver; sent to error log</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Solution #1:

Insert debugging into HTML

```plaintext
C = 'L'
-- lots of stuff here
Say 'C='c
Say 'The time is' time(C)
```

Result:

```
C=L The time is 13:43:28.484793
```

Problems:

1. The debugging affects the structure of the webpage
2. You might not find it easily in a complex page
3. If the data contains an "<" then it will be interpreted as HTML
4. Once you've found the problem you have to take the debugging out
Solution #2:

Defer the debugging to the end of the page

```plaintext
Debug.0 = 0  
C = 'L'  
-- lots of stuff here  
Call Debug 'C='c'  
Say 'The time is' time(C)  

If debug.0 > 0 then do  
  Say '<H2>Debug:</H2>  
  Do I = 1 to debug.0  
    Say debug.i'<BR>'  
  End  
End  
Exit  

Debug:  
Debug.0 = Debug.0 + 1; Debug.[debug.0] = arg(1)  
Return
```

Result:

The time is 13:43:28.484793

Debug:

C=L

Problems:

1. The debugging is always on
2. If the data contains an "<" then it will be interpreted as HTML
3. Once you've found the problem you have to take the debugging out
Solution #3: Control the debugging with a cookie

Steps:

1. How to toggle the cookie on and off
2. How to check the cookie in REXX
Toggling a cookie (Zero REXX interest)

In your page header:

```html
<HEAD>
<SCRIPT SRC="/debug.js"></SCRIPT>
</HEAD>
```

In your HTML directory: (/debug.js)

```javascript
function getCookie(c_name) {
  if (document.cookie.length>0) {
    c_start=document.cookie.indexOf(c_name + "=")
    if (c_start!=-1) {
      c_start=c_start + c_name.length+1
      c_end=document.cookie.indexOf(";",c_start)
      if (c_end==-1) c_end=document.cookie.length
      return unescape(document.cookie.substring(c_start,c_end))
    }
  }
  return ""
}

function setCookie(c_name,value,expiredays) {
  var exdate=new Date()
  exdate.setDate(exdate.getDate()+expiredays)
  document.cookie=c_name+ "=" +escape(value)+
  ((expiredays==null) ? "" : ";expires="+exdate.toGMTString())
}

function toggle_Debug() {
  Debug = getCookie('Debug');
  if (Debug==1) {
    setCookie('Debug',0)
    alert('Debugging is now off')
  }
  else {
    setCookie('Debug',1)
    alert('Debugging is now on')
  }
  return false
```
In your HTML:

```
A HREF="" onClick="return toggle_Debug()">Toggle Debug</A>
```
Checking a cookie in REXX

Functions:

```
::Routine Cookie public
Name = ';'arg(1)'='/* Cookie: */
Parse value ';'value('HTTP_COOKIE',','ENVIRONMENT')';' with (name) value ';
Return value

::Routine Debugging public
Return cookie('Debug')=1
```

The effect on the debugging:

```
If debug.0 > 0 & 'debugging'() then do
  Say '<H2>Debug:</H2>
  Do I = 1 to debug.0
    Say debug.i'<BR>'
  End
End
```
Handling & and < in the debug data

Function:

```routine
::Routine NoHTML public
Return changestr('<',changestr('&',arg(1),'&amp;'),'&lt;')
```

The effect on the debugging:

```lisp
If debug.0 > 0 & 'debugging'() then do
  Say '&lt;H2&gt;Debug:&lt;/H2&gt;
  Do I = 1 to debug.0
    Say 'nohtml'(debug.i)&lt;BR&gt;
  End
  End
End
```
Removing the debugging when you're done

There is now no need to remove the debugging.

Unless you click the "Toggle Debug" link, then it is invisible.

Questions and answers:

Q1. Wouldn't it be better not to collect the debug information when debugging is off?
A1. Probably not. If your code encounters a fatal error condition, it can set a flag which causes the debug information to come out anyway. So when the user reports the problem, and sends you a screenshot, you will have a traceback of what happened.

Q2. Is it possible to trace external functions/subroutines as well?
A2. Yes, read on!
Tracing External routines

There are a couple of problems with the debug routines as developed:

1. They cannot be used to trace external functions and subroutines
2. You have to expose "debug," in every "Procedure" that contains debugging code, or a call to a routine which does.

The solution to this lies in using the "local environment object" (.local). If you are unfamiliar with this, then it can be seen as a way of creating variables which are available across all of the rexx routines that are running under the same invocation of rexx. This means all subroutines and functions called from your main program. If you execute external code by invoking a new copy of rexx then the .local object will not cross this boundary.

The following pages show the exact version of the debug routines that I'm currently using.
The current Debug routine

This code is in a file called "subroutines.rex" and is included from the main routine using ::Requires 'subroutines.rex'

```
-- Initialisation code
If .local~debug.state = .Nil then do
  Debug.0 = 0
  .local['DEBUG'] = debug.
  .local~debug.state = 0
End
Exit

::Routine Debug public
Parse arg text,line,email
If email<>'' then if .local~owner.email=.Nil then .local~owner.email=email
If text \== '' then do
  D = .debug[0]+1
  If line <> '' then .debug[D] = line text
  Else .debug[D] = text
  .debug[0]=D
End
Else .local~debug.state = 1
Return
```
The current Debug_List routine

This code is in a file called "subroutines.rex" and is included from the main routine using ::Requires 'subroutines.rex'
It uses a couple of routines, "Systrace" and "Threads" which are not included here. "Systrace" just creates entries in a system-wide trace log. "Threads" works out the program being run under rexx in the parent thread. They are both highly specific to the system where the code is running.

::Routine Debug_List public
If .fatal.error = 1 then .local~debug.state = 1 /* Always debug fatal conditions               */
If .debug[0] = 0 | .local~debug.state \= 1 then return /* Debug_List: Anything to do?                  */
Arg parms /* Get options: HTML LINES                      */
Parse arg ,efn /* Get callers filename                         */
If efn = '' then do /* Blow whistle                                 */
    Call SysTrace 'Something called Debug_List without argument 2 (efn)',word('env'('Remote_User') 'env'('Remote_Addr'),1) /* Try to work out how we got here              */
    Call 'Threads' 'Debug_List()' /* Swifty's                                              */
End
HTML = wordpos('HTML',parms) > 0 /* Do we want the list in HTML?                 */
Lines = wordpos('LINES',parms) > 0 /* Do we want line numbers?                     */
If html then say copies('</TABLE>',6)'hr'()<H2 STYLE="border-width:0;padding:0;margin:0 0 0 0">Debug:</H2><TABLE CELLSPACING=0>' /* SysTrace anything except Swifty's             */
Else say 'Debug:' /* Plain text output                            */
Do I = 1 to .debug[0] /* HTML output with line numbers             */
    Select
        When html & lines then say '<TR VALIGN=TOP><TD ALIGN=RIGHT>'word(.debug[I],1)'</TD><nohtml(subword(.debug[I],2))'><H2 STYLE="border-width:0;padding:0;margin:0 0 0 0">Debug:</H2><TABLE CELLSPACING=0>' /* HTML output with line numbers             */
        When html then say '<TR VALIGN=TOP><TD>'nohtml(.debug[I]) /* HTML output                                    */
        Otherwise say .debug[I] /* Plain text output                            */
    End
If trace then call SysTrace .debug[I],efn /* Try to work out how we got here              */
End
If html then say '</TABLE>' /*                           */
Return