"Creating Cross-Platform GUIs with BSF4ooRexx"

International 2013 Rexx Symposium
RTP, North Carolina

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Overview

- Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs)
  - Overview, basics, examples
- Event-handling in GUIs
  - Processing of events, examples
  - Event handlers, implemented in ooRexx
- Roundup and Outlook
Portability

• Operating system independence
  – Graphical and graphical user interface (GUI) programs should ideally run unchanged on at least
    • Linux
    • MacOS
    • Windows
  – Ideally wherever Rexx/ooRexx is available
• "Omni-available"
  – Java and the Java runtime environment (JRE)
  – JRE already installed on most computers!
• Bridging ooRexx with Java
  – Use the external Rexx function package BSF4ooRexx!
Graphical User Interfaces with Java

• Basics of GUIs with Java
  – Components
  – Events
  – Event adapters

• BSF4ooRexx-Examples
  – Processing events
    • Synchronously in ooRexx callbacks
  – Using Java's awt and swing from ooRexx
Graphical User Interfaces, 1

- Graphical User Interface
  - Output
    - Graphical (pixel-oriented) CRT
    - Black/white, color
    - Speech
  - Input
    - Keyboard
    - Mouse
    - CRT
    - Pen
    - Speech
• Output on pixel-oriented screen
  – Addressing of screen
    • Each picture element ("pixel")
      – Two-dimensional co-ordinates ("x", "y")
        - Resolution e.g. 320x240, 640x480, 1024x768, 1280x1024, ...
      – Origin (i.e. co-ordinate: "0,0")
        - Left upper corner (e.g. Windows)
        - Left lower corner (e.g. OS/2)
    • Color
      – Black/white (1 Bit per pixel)
      – Three base colors
        - Red, green, blue ("RGB")
        - Intensity from 0 through 255
        - 1 byte per base color (2**8)

Three base colors (2**8)**3 = 16,777,216 colors!
– Amount of pixels, amount of bytes

- **640x480 ("VGA")**
  - 307.200 px = 300 Kpx
  - 38.400 bytes (b/w) = 37,5 KB
  - 921.600 bytes (full color) = 900 KB

- **1920x1080 ("Full HD")**
  - 2.073.600 px = 2.025 Kpx
  - 259.200 bytes (b/w) = 253,125 KB
  - 6.220.800 bytes (full color) = 6.075 KB = 5,93 MB

➤ Look of each component must be programmed with individual pixels!
  - E.g. color points, rectangles, circles, boxes, shadows, fonts,...
  - Even animation effects!
  - *Computing intensive!*
• Structure of elements/components ("Component"s), e.g.
  – "Container"
    • "Window"
      – "Frame"
    • "Panel"
  – "Button"
  – "Checkbox", "CheckboxGroup" ('Radio-Buttons')
  – "Choice"
  – "Image"
  – Text fields
    • "Label" (only for output)
    • "TextField" (both, input and output)
    • "TextArea" (both, input and output, multiple lines)
  – "List", "Scrollbar", "Canvas", ...
Graphical User Interfaces, 5

Diagram showing a hierarchy of graphical user interface components, including:
- **Component**
  - **Button**
  - **Canvas**
  - **Checkbox**
  - **Choice**
  - **Container**
  - **Label**
  - **List**
  - **Scrollbar**
  - **TextComponent**
    - **TextArea**
    - **TextField**
  - **Panel**
  - **Window**
  - **Applet**
  - **JApplet**
  - **JLabel**
  - **Frame**
  - **JFrame**
  - **JComponent**
  - **JButton**
  - **List**
  - **Scrollbar**
- **Component**
  - Can create events, e.g. `ActionEvent`, `KeyEvent`, `MouseEvent`, ...
  - Accept `EventListener` and send them events, by invoking the respective methods of the `EventListener`-objects
  - Can be positioned in `Container`'s

- **Container**
  - A graphical `Component`
  - Can contain other graphical components
    - Contained `Component`'s can be of type `Container` as well
  - Contained components can be maintained and positioned with the help of layout manager

- **Frame**
  - Extends/specializes the `Window` (a `Container`) class
  - Adds a frame and a title to a `Window`
"Hello, my beloved world" in a GUI (Java)

```java
import java.awt.*;

class HelloWorld {
    public static void main (String args[])
    {
        Frame f = new Frame("Hello, my beloved world!");
        f.show();
    }
}
```
"Hello, my beloved world", in a GUI (ooRexx)

```perl
.bsft~new('java.awt.Frame', 'Hello, my beloved world - from ooRexx.') ~show

call SysSleep 10

::requires BSF.CLS
```
• Many events conceivable and possible, e.g.
  – "ActionEvent"
    • Important for components for which only one action is conceived, e.g. "Button"
  – "ComponentEvent"
    • "FocusEvent"
    • "InputEvent"
      – "KeyEvent"
      – "MouseEvent"
    • "WindowEvent"
• Event interfaces are defined in interfaces of type "EventListener"
  – C.f. Java online documentation for package "java.util"
  – Important "EventListener" for graphical user interfaces…
    • Interface "ActionListener"
      void actionPerformed (ActionEvent e)
    • Interface "KeyListener"
      void keyPressed  (KeyEvent e)
      void keyReleased (KeyEvent e)
      void keyTyped    (KeyEvent e)
– Important "EventListener" for graphical user interfaces...

- Interface "MouseListener"

  ```java
  void mouseClicked ( MouseEvent e )
  void mouseEntered ( MouseEvent e )
  void mouseExited ( MouseEvent e )
  void mousePressed ( MouseEvent e )
  void mouseReleased ( MouseEvent e )
  ```

- Interface "WindowListener"

  ```java
  void windowActivated ( WindowEvent e )
  void windowClosed ( WindowEvent e )
  void windowClosing ( WindowEvent e )
  void windowDeactivated ( WindowEvent e )
  void windowDeiconified ( WindowEvent e )
  void windowIconified ( WindowEvent e )
  void windowOpened ( WindowEvent e )
  ```
Events and Components

• Components create events

• Components accept "Listener" objects, which then will be informed of events that got created by the component

  – Registration of "Listener" objects is possible with a
    
    ```java
    void add...Listener( ...Listener listener)
    ```
    
    e.g.:
    ```java
    void addKeyListener (KeyListener kl)
    void addMouseListener (MouseListener ml)
    ```

  – Event notification is carried out by invoking the appropriate event method from the event listener interface, e.g.
    ```java
    kl.keyPressed (e);
    ml.mouseClicked (e);
    ```
• Program runs in main thread
  – Setup of awt/swing components
  – Registering Java listener objects awt/swing components should notify in case of events
• awt/swing creates one additional thread ("awt thread") to monitor interactions with awt/swing components
  – awt thread runs in parallel with the other threads
  – If an event occurs the registered Java listener objects get invoked with the event information as a parameter
Synchronous Processing of Events

- In case of an awt event
  - *Every* registered Java listener object gets invoked
    - Type of event is determined by the invoked event method
    - There will always be an event object as an argument that supplies additional information about the event
  - Invocations are carried out within the awt thread (always synchronously with the occurrence of the awt event)
  - Java listener object event methods will therefore run in parallel to other threads
- Synchronisation with awt thread may be necessary
  - The end of the main Rexx program will otherwise terminate all Java threads including the awt thread
Synchronous Processing of Events

- BSF4ooRexx
  - Synchronous processing with Rexx is possible!
  - Steps
    - Define an ooRexx class with the event methods you want to process from within Rexx
    - Define an "unknown" method to intercept invocations of those event methods you are not interested in, otherwise a runtime error would occur ("method not found")
    - Create an instance of the ooRexx class and wrap it up as a Java-proxy, denoting the Java listener interface(s) this particular Rexx object is programmed to react to
    - Register this Java-proxy with the monitored awt-component
Example "Input", 1

- "TextField"
  - Input field to allow for entering a name
- "Choice"
  - Choice of "Mister" bzw. "Misses"
- "Button": "Revert"
  - Reverts the input (clears the input)
- "Button": "Process Input"
  - Accepts input
  - Choice value and input text are read and output to "System.out"
• Considerations
  – Which awt classes?
    • "Frame", "Choice", "TextField", "Button"
  – Which events?
    • Closing the frame
      – Event method "windowClosing" from "WindowListener"
      – Using an adapter class
        - Otherwise we would need to implement seven (!) event methods!
    • Pressing the respective "Button"s
      – Event method "actionPerformed" from "ActionListener"
  • All other events are totally unimportant for this particular application and get therefore ignored by us!
Example "Input", 3
import java.awt.*; import java.awt.event.*;

class Input
{
    public static void main (String args[])
    {
        Frame f = new Frame("Please enter your name!");
f.addWindowListener( new WindowAdapter()
        {
            public void windowClosing( WindowEvent e) { System.exit(0); } } );
f.setLayout(new FlowLayout()); // create a FlowLayout manager
final Choice cf = new Choice(); cf.add("Mister"); cf.add("Misses");
f.add(cf); // add component to container
final TextField tf = new TextField("", 50); // space for 50 characters
f.add(tf); // add component to container
Button bNeu = new Button("Reset");
f.add(bNeu); // add component to container
bNeu.addActionListener( new ActionListener()
        {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) { tf.setText(""); cf.select("Mister"); } } );
Button bOK = new Button("Process Input");
f.add(bOK); // add component to container
bOK.addActionListener( new ActionListener()
        {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                System.out.println(cf.getSelectedItem()+" "+tf.getText());
                System.exit(0);
            }
        } );
f.pack(); f.show();
    }
}
• External Rexx function `BsfCreateRexxProxy(…)`
  – Encapsulates an ooRexx object in a Java object ("proxy") and returns it
    • Returned Java object can be supplied to Java methods
    • Java programs can send the ooRexx object messages
  – Optionally allows for implementing abstract methods in ooRexx
    • Supply one or more Java interface classes
      – The Java "proxy" object will be of the type(s) of any of the supplied interface classes!
    • Supply Java abstract class followed by arguments for creating an instance of that class
      – In this case the Java object created from the abstract class will be returned as a `RexxProxy` (a Java "proxy" object)
Synchronous Rexx Event Handler, 2

- **BsfcCreateRexxProxy(ooRexx-object[, [userData] [, xyz] …])**
  - **userData**
    - Optional ooRexx object which gets sent back to Rexx on a Java callback
    - Can be used to share information with callbacks
  - **xyz…**
    - Optional argument(s) for creating the Java *RexxProxy*
      - One or more Java interface classes, or
      - A single abstract Java class, optionally followed by arguments for creating an instance of that class
  - Returns a *Java object* (*RexxProxy*) which can be supplied to Java methods as an argument!
Arguments supplied to the ooRexx callback method
  • All arguments the Java method received in the same order
  • Plus one additional trailing argument, an ooRexx directory object ("slotDir") which may contain the following entries:
    » "USERDATA", returns the "userData" ooRexx object, which may be supplied as the second argument to BsfCreateRexxProxy(…)
    » "METHODNAME", returns the mixed-case Java method name
    » "METHODDESCRIPTOR", returns a string with the signature of the Java method
    » "METHODOBJECT", returns the Java method, if the RexxProxy was created for a Java interface class
    » "JAVAOBJECT", if the RexxProxy was created from an abstract Java class, then this is the Java object which got created (allows for sending Java messages to that Java object from ooRexx)
"Input.rex", ooRexx with BSF4ooRexx, 1

Synchronous Event Handling

- Define ooRexx classes for those awt objects with events you are interested in
  - Define ooRexx methods matching the name of each of the Java event methods that you are interested in
  - Define an "unknown" method to intercept invocations of all other Java event methods you do not want to process
  - To allow for synchronisation of the main with the awt thread
    - Create an ooRexx attribute serving as a control variable
    - Define a method that uses "guard on when" to wait (block) on the control variable to acquire a predefined value
    - Set the control variable's value in the event method that should allow the main thread to get unblocked
If an ooRexx event method needs to access other objects, e.g. other awt components, then

- Save all needed objects in an ooRexx collection object ("userData")

- Create instances of the ooRexx classes and wrap them up
  - Use "BsfCreateRexxProxy()"
  - Supply "userData" as the second argument, if needed

- Setup the awt components
  - Use "addEvent...Listener()" and supply the "RexxProxy(ies)"

- Block the main thread
  - Send the Rexx object the message that will cause it to block (due to using "guard on when" for testing a control variable)
Synchronous Event Handling

rexxCloseEH = .RexxCloseAppEventHandler~new -- Rexx event handler
rpCloseEH = BsfCreateRexxProxy(rexxCloseEH, , "java.awt.event.WindowListener")
f=.bsf~new("java.awt.Frame", "Please Enter Your Name!") -- create frame
f~addWindowListener(rpCloseEH) -- add RexxProxy event handler
f~setLayout(.bsf~new("java.awt.FlowLayout") ) -- create FlowLayout object and assign it
userData = .directory~new -- a directory which will be passed to Rexx with the event
userData~rexxCloseEH=rexxCloseEH -- save Rexx event handler for later use
cf=.BSF~new("java.awt.Choice") -- create Choice object
userData~cf=cf -- add choice field for later use
cf ~~add("Mister") ~~add("Missis") -- add options/choices
f~add(cf) -- add Choice object to frame
tf=.bsf~new("java.awt.TextField", ",", 50) -- create TextField, show 50 chars
userData~tf=tf -- add text field for later use
f~add(tf) -- add TextField object to frame
but=.bsf~new('java.awt.Button', 'Reset') -- create Button object
f~add(but) -- add Button object to frame
rp=BsfCreateRexxProxy(.RexxResetEventHandler~new, userData, "java.awt.event.ActionListener")
but~addActionListener(rp) -- add RexxProxy event handler
but=.bsf~new('java.awt.Button', 'Process Input') -- create Button object
f~add(but) -- add Button object to frame
rp=BsfCreateRexxProxy(.RexxProcessEventHandler~new, userData, "java.awt.event.ActionListener")
but~addActionListener(rp) -- add RexxProxy event handler
f ~~pack ~~setVisible(.true)~~toFront -- layout the Frame object, show it, make sure it is in front
rexxCloseEH~waitForExit -- wait until we are allowed to end the program
call SysSleep .2 -- let Java's RexxProxy finalizations find a running Rexx instance
::requires BSF.cls -- load Object Rexx BSF support

-- ... continued on next page ...
Synchronous Event Handling

/* Rexx event handler to set "close app" indicator: "java.awt.event.WindowListener" */
::class RexxCloseAppEventHandler
::method init /* constructor */
expose closeApp -- used as control variable
closeApp = .false

::method windowClosing -- event method (from WindowListener)
expose closeApp
closeApp = .true -- change control variable to unblock

::method unknown -- intercept unhandled events, do nothing
::attribute closeApp -- allow to get and set the control variable's value

::method waitForExit -- blocking (waiting) method
expose closeApp
guard on when closeApp = .true -- blocks (waits) until control variable is set to .true

/* Rexx event handler: "java.awt.event.ActionListener" */
::class RexxResetEventHandler
::method actionPerformed
use arg eventObject, slotDir
slotDir~userData~tf~setText("") -- get text field and set it to empty string
slotDir~userData~cf~select("Mister") -- reset choice

/* Rexx event handler : "java.awt.event.ActionListener" */
::class RexxProcessEventHandler
::method actionPerformed
use arg eventObject, slotDir
userData=slotDir~userData -- get 'userData' directory
say userData~cf~getSelectedItem userData~tf~getText -- show input
userData~rexxCloseEH~closeApp = .true -- unblock main program such that it can end
Roundup and Outlook

- Java allows platform independent GUI
- BSF4ooRexx bridges Rexx and Java
  - Listeners for awt/swing components can be implemented (and controlled) in ooRexx!
  - Java events can be processed synchronously

- Questions?
Further Links (Must Reads!)

- "Painting in AWT and Swing"
- "Threads and Swing"
- "Using a Swing Worker Thread"
- "Using Timers in Swing Applications"
- "How to Use Swing Timers"
  - http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/uiswing/misc/timer.html